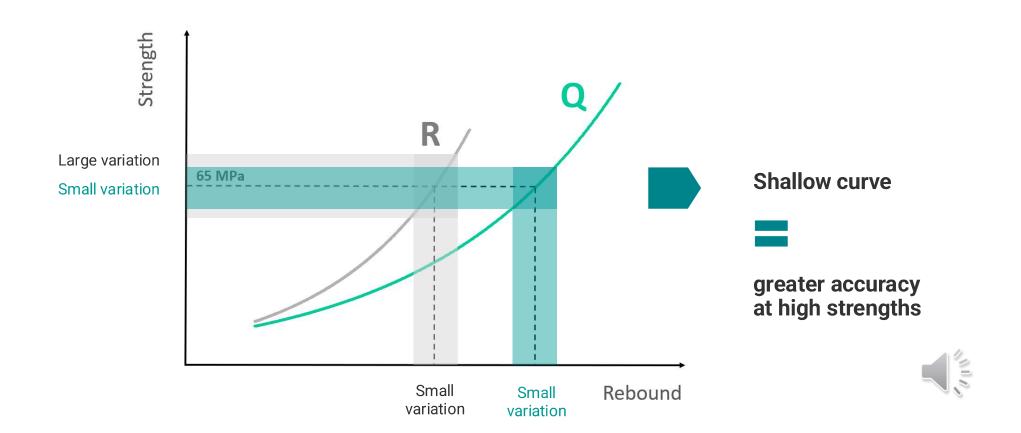


What's so special about the Q-value?

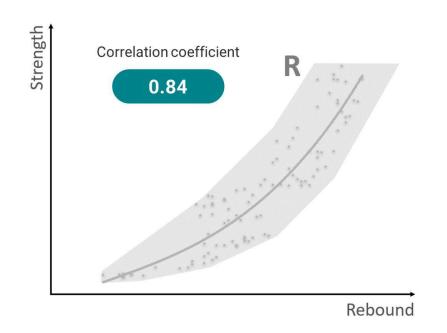
R vs Q Correlation Curve Gradient

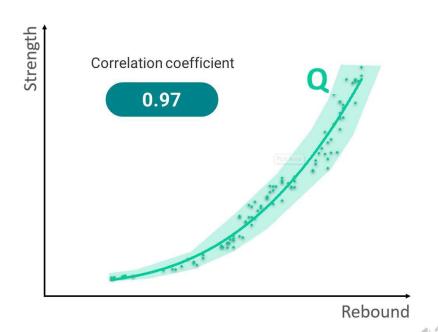




What's so special about the Q-value?

R vs Q Dispersion



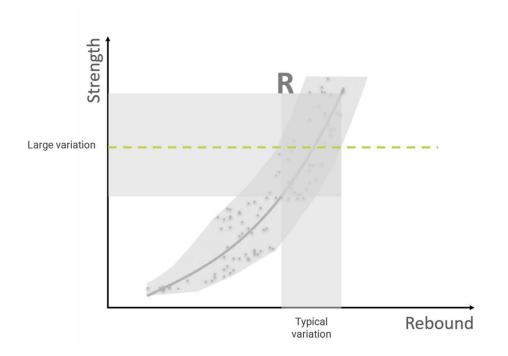


Low dispersion = Greater accuracy

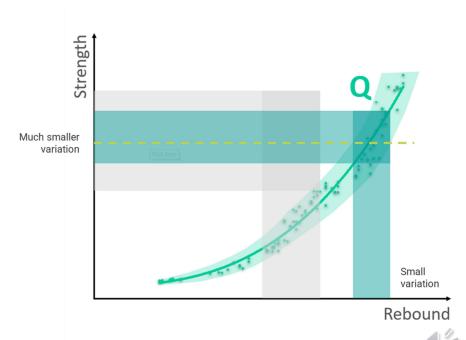


What's so special about the Q-value?

R vs Q Strength Estimation Accuracy



Typical dispersion + Steep gradient = Large variation in strength estimate



Low dispersion + Shallow gradient = Small variation in strength estimate